



**JOINT STOCK COMPANY  
VIETNAM ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATICS  
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOURTH QUARTER OF 2024**

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**INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

*As at December 31, 2024*

Target	Code	Explanation	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
<b>ASSET</b>				
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>100</b>		<b>517,634,971,259</b>	<b>605,140,838,648</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>110</b>	4	<b>96,200,443,775</b>	<b>106,526,049,577</b>
Cash	111		32,645,943,775	42,171,549,577
Cash equivalents	112		63,554,500,000	64,354,500,000
<b>Short-term financial investment</b>	<b>120</b>		<b>131,592,396,250</b>	<b>124,034,896,250</b>
Trading securities	121		287,396,250	287,396,250
Investment held until maturity	123	5	131,305,000,000	123,747,500,000
<b>Current receivables</b>	<b>130</b>		<b>194,619,605,627</b>	<b>278,289,826,506</b>
Short - term trade receivables	131	6	147,695,428,365	241,820,770,955
Short - term prepayment to suppliers	132	7	37,475,780,458	24,667,258,498
Receivables from short-term loans	135		7,900,000,000	7,900,000,000
Other short - term receivables	136	8	40,768,120,494	41,973,245,983
Provision for short-term doubtful receivables	137		(39,369,438,141)	(38,221,163,381)
Missing assets awaiting resolution	139		149,714,451	149,714,451
<b>Inventories</b>	<b>140</b>		<b>89,351,581,878</b>	<b>91,673,081,335</b>
Inventories	141	9	97,131,944,649	98,453,182,886
Provision for devaluation of inventory	149		(7,780,362,771)	(6,780,101,551)
<b>Other current assets</b>	<b>150</b>		<b>5,870,943,729</b>	<b>4,616,984,980</b>
Short - term prepaid expenses	151		4,286,229,136	3,358,192,988
Deductible VAT	152		1,113,843,639	696,968,888
Taxes and other receivables from the State	153		470,870,954	561,823,104
<b>NON- CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>200</b>		<b>237,250,901,065</b>	<b>239,799,793,388</b>
<b>Long - term receivables</b>	<b>210</b>		<b>18,351,192,740</b>	<b>18,327,192,740</b>
Long-term advance payments to sellers	212		18,215,447,540	18,215,447,540
Other long - term receivables	216		135,745,200	111,745,200
<b>Fixed assets</b>	<b>220</b>		<b>115,050,197,769</b>	<b>120,373,506,202</b>
<b>Tangible fixed assets</b>	<b>221</b>	11	<b>80,153,696,071</b>	<b>85,091,241,465</b>
- Cost	222		237,776,399,321	236,882,614,608
- Accumulated depreciation value	223		(157,622,703,250)	(151,791,373,143)
<b>Intangible fixed assets</b>	<b>227</b>	12	<b>34,896,501,698</b>	<b>35,282,264,737</b>
- Cost	228		46,104,084,706	46,004,084,706
- Accumulated depreciation value	229		(11,207,583,008)	(10,721,819,969)
<b>Investment real estate</b>	<b>230</b>		<b>9,820,577,152</b>	<b>7,020,242,223</b>
- Cost	231		41,120,042,125	37,747,597,125
- Accumulated depreciation value	232		(31,299,464,973)	(30,727,354,902)
<b>Long-term unfinished assets</b>	<b>240</b>		<b>18,477,720,942</b>	<b>18,591,357,306</b>
Construction in progress costs	242	10	18,477,720,942	18,591,357,306
<b>Long-term financial investment</b>	<b>250</b>		<b>68,541,139,139</b>	<b>68,486,677,122</b>
Invest in subsidiaries	251		-	-
Invest in joint ventures and affiliated	252	13	70,341,139,139	70,286,677,122
Provision for long-term financial investments	254		(1,800,000,000)	(1,800,000,000)
<b>Other non - current assets</b>	<b>260</b>		<b>7,010,073,323</b>	<b>7,000,817,795</b>
Long - term prepaid expenses	261		5,813,693,129	5,860,215,570
Deferred tax assets	262		1,196,380,194	1,140,602,225
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>270</b>		<b>754,885,872,324</b>	<b>844,940,632,036</b>

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

As at December 31, 2024

Target	Code	Explanation	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
<b>RESOURCES</b>				
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	<b>300</b>		<b>208,080,089,446</b>	<b>283,442,263,597</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>	<b>310</b>		<b>121,913,628,861</b>	<b>205,519,501,856</b>
Short - term trade payable	311	14	59,534,550,578	124,257,873,323
Short - term advances from customers	312	15	22,125,702,821	11,174,182,377
Taxes and other payables to the State budget	313	16	8,581,547,937	3,116,706,763
Payables to employees	314		8,270,700,996	11,183,704,418
Short - term accrued expenses	315		8,762,003,530	5,322,194,897
Payable according to construction contract plan	317		1,642,227,593	2,069,679,316
Short-term unearned revenue	318		311,937,500	679,710,000
Other short - term payables	319	17	9,714,125,833	10,757,355,213
Short - term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	320	18	665,000,000	33,508,100,000
Provision for short-term payables	321		-	1,104,527,964
Bonus and welfare fund	322		2,305,832,073	2,345,467,585
<b>Long-term debt</b>	<b>330</b>		<b>86,166,460,585</b>	<b>77,922,761,741</b>
Long-term costs	333		17,477,325,544	15,551,814,616
Other long-term payables	337		37,447,705,264	35,445,070,697
Deferred corporate income tax payable	341		31,241,429,777	26,925,876,428
<b>OWNER'S EQUITY</b>	<b>400</b>		<b>546,805,782,878</b>	<b>561,498,368,439</b>
<b>Owner's equity</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>546,445,782,878</b>	<b>561,138,368,439</b>
Owner's equity	411		438,000,000,000	438,000,000,000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		438,000,000,000	438,000,000,000
Share capital surplus	412		-	-
Treasury shares	415		(13,064,952,951)	(13,064,952,951)
Difference in asset revaluation	416		(19,974,146,692)	(19,974,146,692)
Development investment fund	418		53,234,868,451	54,491,808,762
Other funds belong to equity	420		26,619,705	26,619,705
Retained earnings	421		(52,753,856,933)	(31,834,634,820)
- Accumulated retained earnings brought forward	421a		(57,518,689,917)	(24,459,438,214)
- Retained earnings for the current year	421b		4,764,832,984	(7,375,196,606)
Non-controlling shareholder interests		25	140,977,251,298	133,493,674,435
<b>Other sources of funding and funds</b>	<b>430</b>		<b>360,000,000</b>	<b>360,000,000</b>
Funding source	422		360,000,000	360,000,000
<b>TOTAL RESOURCES</b>	<b>440</b>		<b>754,885,872,324</b>	<b>844,940,632,036</b>

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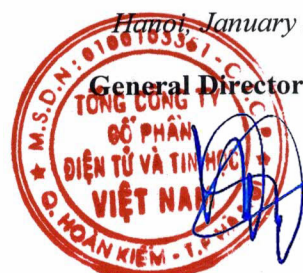
Hanoi, January 24, 2025

Schedule maker

Chief accountant

General Director





Vu Van Tuan

Nguyen Trung Dung

Vu Hai Vinh

**VIETNAM ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATICS JOINT STOCK COMPANY**

No. 15 Tran Hung Dao, Phan Chu Trinh, Hoan Kiem, Hanoi

**FORM NO. B01-DN/HN**

Issued according to Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC  
dated December 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance

**CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS RESULTS REPORT**  
*Fourth quarter of 2024*

TARGETS	Code	Explanation	Fourth quarter of 2024		Cumulative	
			From October 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024	From October 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023	From January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024	From January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023
Revenues from sales and service provisions	01		114,140,498,719	215,030,649,483	298,031,349,242	423,330,835,573
Revenue deductions	03		-	(30,196,167)	58,962,384	466,184,053
Net revenues from sales and service provisions	10	21	114,140,498,719	215,060,845,650	297,972,386,858	422,864,651,520
Cost of goods sold	11	23	94,247,476,051	185,204,737,096	192,387,401,249	298,845,482,471
Gross profit from sales and service provisions	20		19,893,022,668	29,856,108,554	105,584,985,609	124,019,169,049
Financial income	21	24	2,668,643,233	3,270,307,839	8,517,424,613	13,099,568,138
Financial expense	22	25	39,715,422	1,837,841,016	641,953,029	2,280,023,531
Including: Interest expense	23		12,931,147	191,218,732	459,639,449	445,422,927
Selling expense	24		(66,653,091)	1,333,373,268	(12,191,073)	(3,848,415,771)
Enterprise administrative expense	25		539,534,048	9,236,102,530	38,810,926,927	49,521,169,842
Net profit from operations	26		12,742,749,612	16,329,078,687	74,841,814,357	74,063,874,368
Other income	30		9,173,013,728	7,056,767,428	(204,475,164)	7,405,253,675
Other expenses	31		1,454,640,556	1,488,660,591	7,452,582,238	4,170,320,647
Other profit	32		(153,594,194)	(6,400,193,714)	405,692,980	423,572,223
Net profit before tax	40	30	1,608,234,750	7,888,854,305	7,046,889,258	3,746,748,424
Current corporate income tax expense	50		10,781,248,478	14,945,621,733	6,842,414,094	11,152,002,099
Deferred corporate income tax expense	51	31	1,044,708,158	1,627,025,695	3,571,843,966	5,402,294,036
Profits after corporate income tax	52		358,615,337	(3,186,199,770)	4,234,933,256	2,192,247,287
After-tax benefits of parent company shareholders	60		9,377,924,983	16,504,795,809	(964,363,128)	3,557,460,775
Non-controlling shareholder interests			4,764,832,984	13,472,222,691	(7,661,224,960)	(5,295,677,974)
Basic earnings per share	70		108.79	307.58	6,668,861.831	8,853,138,749
					(7,661,224,960)	(120.91)



Hanoi, January 24, 2025

Chief accountant

*Nguyen Trung Dung*

Nguyen Trung Dung

Schedule maker

*Vu Van Tuan*

Vu Van Tuan

**CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT**  
**(According to direct method)**  
*For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024*

TARGETS	Code	From January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024	From January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Proceeds from selling goods, services and other	1	385,885,254,960	444,404,873,369
Cash outflow for suppliers	2	(257,216,773,314)	(269,567,254,497)
Cash outflow for employee	3	(44,722,975,496)	(67,148,532,154)
Interest paid	4	(39,269,279)	(165,119,607)
Corporate income tax paid	5	(1,972,544,789)	(1,930,465,425)
Other cash inflows	6	64,309,186,279	3,978,154,580
Other cash outflows	7	(106,354,020,537)	(78,252,810,775)
<b>Net cash from operating activities</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>39,888,857,824</b>	<b>31,318,845,491</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Acquisition of fixed assets and other long - term assets	21	-	(79,200,000)
Proceeds from fixed assets and long - term assets disposal	22	2,610,909,091	3,454,273,132
other companies	23	(207,750,000,000)	(175,041,500,000)
other companies	24	196,192,500,000	163,300,000,000
Investment in other entities	25	-	(17,500,000,000)
Cash recovered from investments in other entities	26	479,317	959,877
Interest income, dividend and profit paid	27	7,779,380,292	10,974,612,408
<b>Net cash from (used in) investing activities</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>(1,166,731,300)</b>	<b>(14,890,854,583)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from issuing stocks, receiving capital from owners	31	983,731,466	-
	32	-	-
Proceeds from borrowings	33	1,100,000,000	3,610,653,127
Repayment of borrowings	34	(43,423,613,684)	(25,530,587,430)
Financial tax principal repayment	35	-	-
Dividends paid	36	(7,710,801,000)	(5,882,346,500)
<b>Net cash from (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>(49,050,683,218)</b>	<b>(27,802,280,803)</b>
<b>Net decrease/(increase) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>(10,328,556,694)</b>	<b>(11,374,289,895)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>106,526,049,577</b>	<b>117,828,589,165</b>
Effect from changing foreign exchange rate	61	2,950,892	71,750,307
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>96,200,443,775</b>	<b>106,526,049,577</b>

Schedule maker



Vu Van Tuan

Chief accountant



Nguyen Trung Dung



Vu Hai Vinh

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

### **1. CHARACTERISTICS OF ENTERPRISES' OPERATION**

#### **1.1 FORM OF CAPITAL OWNERSHIP**

Vietnam Electronics and Informatics Joint Stock Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation"), formerly known as Vietnam Electronics and Informatics Corporation, was established under Decision No. 1116/QD/ TCCBHT dated October 27, 1995 of the Minister of Heavy Industry (now the Ministry of Industry and Trade) and operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 109811 issued by Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on November 23, 1995. The Corporation changed its form to a Joint Stock Corporation according to Decision No. 2511/QD-BCN dated September 14, 2006 and Decision No. 05/QD-BCN dated January 2, 2007 of the Ministry of Industry (now the Ministry of Industry and Trade) and officially operated in the form of a Joint Stock Corporation from March 1, 2007 according to Business Registration Certificate No. 0103016007 dated February 28, 2007, Registered the 5th change (Reissued Business Registration Certificate No.: 0100103351) on December 4, 2017 and the 7th change on March 29, 2023 by the City Department of Planning and Investment Hanoi issued.

The Corporation's headquarters is at No. 15 Tran Hung Dao Street, Phan Chu Trinh, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi. Transaction office of the Corporation at 11th Floor, MIPEC Building, 229 Tay Son, Dong Da District, Hanoi City.

The Corporation's charter capital is 438,000,000,000 VND (Four hundred thirty-eight billion VND).

The total number of employees of the Corporation as of December 31, 2024 is 73 people (as of January 1, 2024, it is 73 people).

#### **1.2 BUSINESS FIELD**

The main production and business activities of the Corporation are:

- - Design, production, assembly, fabrication of equipment, component equipment systems, detailed electronic - information technology components, telecommunications equipment, medical electronics, electronics - automation, electrical household and specialized machines;
- - Manufacturing equipment, products, components and detailed materials related to electronics - information technology, telecommunications equipment, medical electronics and electronics;
- - Implementing services in the field of electronics and information technology (research, training, information technology transfer, investment consulting, construction, maintenance, acting as agents and distributors for Offices, etc.) Corporation Department at home and abroad);
- - Real estate business and office rental.

#### **1.3 NORMAL PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS CYCLES**

The Corporation's normal production and business cycle is carried out within a period of no more than 12 months.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**1. CHARACTERISTICS OF ENTERPRISES' OPERATION (CONTINUED)**

**1.4 CORPORATION STRUCTURE**

STT	Name	Address	Business industry	Ownership and voting rights
<b>I Dependent accounting unit</b>				
1	Viettronics College of Technology	No. 118 Cat Bi, Hai An District, Hai Phong City	Training and fostering staff with college degrees and lower degrees in the fields of electronics, information technology and other fields permitted by the State	
<b>II Subsidiary company</b>				
1	Viettronics Thu Duc Joint Stock Company	15C Nguyen Van Troi, Ward 12, Phu Nhuan District, Ho Chi Minh	Manufacturing, trading, processing electrical and electronic products	97,01%
2	Binh Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	204 No Trang Long Street, Ward 12, Binh Thanh District, Ho Chi Minh	Manufacturing, trading and selling electrical and electronic products	51,00%
3	Viettronics Tan Binh Joint Stock Company	248A No Trang Long, Ward 12, Binh Thanh District, Ho Chi Minh	Manufacturing and installation of electronic equipment	55,54%
4	Bien Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	52-54 Nguyen Hue, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh	Manufacture of electronic products	51,00%
5	Viettronics Construction Joint Stock Company	5th floor, Sudico building, Me Tri street, Nam Tu Liem district, Hanoi	Supervision and construction of electrical projects	65,00%
6	CViettronics Industrial Joint Stock Company	11th floor, MIPEC building, 229 Tay Son, Dong Da District, Hanoi City	Manufacture of electronic products	91,86%
<b>III Joint venture and affiliated company</b>				
1	Computer and Communications Joint Stock Company	No. 18 Nguyen Chi Thanh, Ba Dinh District, Hanoi	Producing, purchasing and selling training programs and computer software	35,70%
2	Viettronimex Joint Stock Company	74 – 76 Nguyen Hue, District 1, Ho Chi Minh	Buy and sell electronic equipment and components	42,16%
3	Phu Tho Hoa Electronic Mechanical Joint Stock Company	1026B Luy Ban Bich, Hoa Thanh ward, Tan Phu district, Ho Chi Minh	Manufacturing and assembling electronic equipment	33,77%
4	Vietnam Computer Joint Stock Company	26 Ly Tu Trong, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh	Buy and sell electronic equipment and components	28,52%
5	High-tech Medical Electronics Company	48BT3 – Linh Dam Peninsula Villa Area, Hoang Mai, Hanoi City	Production, Trade and services	49%
6	DM Vina Company Limited	Lot CN07 Binh Xuyen II Industrial Park, Ba Hien, Binh Xuyen, Vinh Phuc	Manufacture of products from plastic	41,74%



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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**2. APPLIED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIME**

**2.1 APPLIED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIME**

The Corporation applies accounting standards, Vietnam's corporate accounting regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards. accounting of the Ministry of Finance, other legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to reflect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam..

**2.2 STATEMENT ON COMPLIANCE WITH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING REGIME**

The Board of Management ensures compliance with the requirements of accounting standards, Vietnam's corporate accounting regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards of the Ministry of Finance, other legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial statements, in the preparation of financial statements.

**2.3 FISCAL YEAR**

The Corporation's fiscal year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of the calendar year. This financial report is prepared for the fourth quarter, ending December 31, 2024.

**2.4 CURRENCY UNITS USED IN ACCOUNTING**

The currency used in accounting is Vietnam Dong (VND) because revenues and expenditures are mainly made in VND currency.

**3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The following are important accounting policies applied by the Corporation in preparing these Financial Statements:

**3.1 BASIS AND PURPOSE OF FINANCIAL REPORTING**

The Corporation's financial statements are prepared on the basis of synthesizing the financial statements of the Corporation's Office and Viettronics Technology College. Internal transactions and internal balances between the Company and its Branches have been excluded when preparing the General Financial Statements..

The accompanying financial statements are presented in Vietnam Dong (VND), according to the principle of historical cost and in accordance with Accounting Standards and Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting Regime (Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the corporate accounting regime and Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 amending and supplementing a number of Articles of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC) and legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

**3.2 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported data on liabilities, assets and presentation of accounts. potential liabilities and assets at the date of preparation of the Financial Statements as well as reported figures on revenue and expenses throughout the fiscal year. Actual business results may differ from estimates and assumptions.

### **3.3 FOREIGN CURRENCY**

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are converted at the actual exchange rate applicable at the date of the transaction. Exchange rate differences arising from these transactions will be accounted for in revenue or expenses in the fiscal year..

The balance of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the accounting period are converted at the exchange rate at that date, specifically as follows::

- - The exchange rate used to convert the balance of monetary assets is the buying exchange rate at the end of the accounting period of the Commercial Bank where the enterprise regularly has transactions. Foreign currency amounts are converted at the buying exchange rate of the bank where the Corporation opens its account.
- - The exchange rate used to convert the balance of payables to currency is the selling exchange rate at the end of the accounting period of the Commercial Bank where the enterprise regularly has transactions..

The exchange rate difference due to the reassessment of the ending balance after clearing the increase and decrease difference, the remaining difference is accounted for in financial revenue or financial expenses in the year..

### **3.4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash is a general indicator reflecting all available cash of the enterprise at the time of reporting, including cash in the enterprise's fund, demand deposits in banks recorded and reported in Vietnam Dong. (VND), in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Law No. 88/2015/QH13 dated November 20, 2015, effective from January 1, 2017.

Cash equivalents are short-term investments with a maturity of no more than 3 months from the date of investment, are easily convertible into a known amount of cash and have no risk of conversion into cash. at the time of reporting, in accordance with the provisions of Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 24 - Cash flow statement

### **3.5 FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS**

#### *Investment held until maturity*

CHeld-to-maturity investments include investments that the Corporation has the intention and ability to hold until maturity. The Corporation's held-to-maturity investments are term bank deposits.

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized starting from the date of purchase and are determined at their initial value based on the purchase price and costs related to the purchase transaction of the investments. Interest income from held-to-maturity investments after the purchase date is recorded on the income statement on an accrual basis. Interest earned before the Corporation holds it is recorded as a deduction from the original price at the time of purchase.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

Held-to-maturity investments are determined at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

When there is solid evidence that part or all of the investment may not be recoverable and the amount of loss can be reliably determined, the loss is recorded in financial expenses during the year and reduced. Direct investment value.

### *Invest in Subsidiaries*

A subsidiary is an enterprise controlled by the Corporation. Control is achieved when the Company has the ability to control the financial and operating policies of the investee enterprise in order to obtain economic benefits from that enterprise's activities..

An investment is considered to have control of the invested entity when the Corporation holds more than 50% of the ownership of that entity unless that ownership is not associated with control. If the Corporation does not hold more than 50% ownership of another entity, the Company can still gain control of the entity if the Company has:

- (i) Rights greater than 50% of the unit's voting rights thanks to an agreement with other investors;
- (ii) The right to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity under a regulation or agreement;
- (iii) The right to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity under a regulation or agreement;
- (iv) Right to appoint and dismiss the majority of members of the Board of Directors (or an equivalent management body) of the unit; or
- (v) The right to vote in decisions at meetings of the Board of Directors (or equivalent management body) of the unit.

The time of initial recognition of an investment in a Subsidiary acquired during the year is the date on which the Corporation achieves actual control over the invested entity. On the Corporation's financial statements, investments in Subsidiaries are presented at cost (purchase price and related direct purchase costs) less provision for investment losses. The investment loss provision is based on the value of accumulated losses on the subsidiary's financial statements and can be reversed when profitable. The increase or decrease in the provision for devaluation of financial investments is accounted for in financial expenses during the year.

### *Invest in affiliated companies*

An associate is a company over which the Corporation has significant influence but does not have control over the financial and operating policies and is not a subsidiary or joint venture of the Corporation. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but not control or joint control over those policies..

Investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies are initially recorded at cost, including the purchase price or capital contribution plus costs directly related to the investment. In case of investment in non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recorded according to the fair value of the non-monetary asset at the time of arising..

Dividends and profits of periods before the investment is purchased are accounted for as a decrease in the value of that investment itself. Dividends and profits of periods after the investment is purchased are recorded as revenue.

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## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

Loss provisions for investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies are made at the time of preparing financial statements when investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies decline compared to their value. original, the Corporation makes provisions as follows:

- For investments in subsidiaries or affiliated companies with shares listed on the market or the fair value of the investment is reliably determined, provisioning is based on the market value of the shares..
- For investments whose fair value cannot be determined at the time of reporting, provisions are made at a level equal to the difference between the actual capital contributions of the parties in subsidiaries, affiliated companies and equity. Actual ownership is multiplied by the Corporation's capital contribution ratio compared to the total actual capital contribution of the parties in subsidiaries and affiliated companies..

If a subsidiary or affiliated company is the subject of a consolidated financial statement, the basis for determining loss provisions is the consolidated financial statement..

Increases and decreases in provisions for investment losses in subsidiaries and affiliated companies that need to be appropriated at the closing date of preparing financial statements are recorded in financial expenses..

### **3.5 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Receivables are presented at book value less provisions for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables is carried out according to the following principles:

- Receivables from customers reflect receivables of commercial nature arising from purchase - sale transactions between the Corporation and buyers who are independent units of the Corporation..
- Internal receivables reflect receivables from affiliated units without legal status, dependent accounting.
- Other receivables reflect non-commercial receivables, not related to purchase - sale transactions.

Provision for bad debts of the Corporation is made according to current regulations.

The increase or decrease in the provision for bad debts at the closing date of preparing the financial statements is accounted for in enterprise management expenses..

### **3.6 INVENTORY**

Inventories are determined on the basis of the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The original cost of inventory includes the costs of bringing the inventory to its present location and condition, including: purchase price, non-refundable taxes, shipping, handling, and insurance costs. management during the purchasing process, standard loss, and other costs directly related to the purchase of inventory.

### **3.7 INVENTORY**

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to sell them..

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

The Corporation applies the regular declaration method to account for inventory. The selling price of inventory is calculated using the monthly weighted average method.

Method of setting up provisions for devaluation of inventory: Provision for devaluation of inventory is established for each inventory item that has a decline in value (original price greater than net realizable value). Increases and decreases in inventory balances that need to be appropriated at the closing date of preparing the interim financial statements are recorded in the cost of goods sold during the year..

### **3.8 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The historical cost of tangible fixed assets includes all costs that the Corporation must spend to acquire the fixed assets up to the time the assets are put into a ready-to-use state. Costs incurred after initial recognition are only recorded as an increase in the historical cost of a fixed asset if these costs definitely increase future economic benefits due to the use of that asset. Incurred costs that do not satisfy the above conditions are recorded as production and business costs during the year.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation years for tangible fixed assets are as follows:

<i>Asset type</i>	<i>Time of use (years)</i>
- Houses, architectural objects	20 - 25
- Machinery and equipment	05 - 10
- Means of transport and transmission	06 - 10
- Management equipment and tools	03 - 08

### **3.9 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

Intangible fixed assets are recorded at their original cost, reflected on the Balance Sheet according to the criteria of original price, accumulated depreciation and residual value..

The historical cost of an intangible fixed asset includes all costs that the Corporation must spend to acquire the fixed asset up to the time the asset is put into a ready-to-use state. Costs related to intangible fixed assets that arise after initial recognition are recorded as production and business costs in the period unless these costs are associated with a specific intangible fixed asset. and increase economic benefits from these assets.

The Corporation's intangible fixed assets are land use rights.

#### ***Land use rights***

Land use rights are all actual expenses the Corporation has paid that are directly related to used land, including: money spent to have land use rights, costs for compensation and land clearance. leveling, site leveling, registration fees,....

### **3.10 COSTS OF UNPROGRESSIVE CONSTRUCTION**

The Corporation's construction in progress costs are equipment that is in the process of investment, procurement and installation, not yet put into use, and capital construction projects that are in the process of being built and have not yet been tested. collected and put into use at the time of closing the financial statements. These assets are recorded at cost. This original price includes: costs of goods and services payable to contractors and suppliers, related interest costs

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

during the investment period and other reasonable costs directly related to the formation of the project. become property later. These costs will be converted to the original cost of fixed assets according to the provisional price (if there is no approved settlement) when the assets are handed over and put into use..

### **3.11 LIABILITIES**

Liabilities are payments to suppliers and other entities. Liabilities include accounts payable to suppliers and other payables. Liabilities are not recorded as lower than payment obligations.

The classification of liabilities is carried out according to the following principles:

- Payables to suppliers include commercial payables arising from transactions of purchasing goods, services, assets and the seller is an independent entity from the buyer, including payables between the parent company and subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates;
- Other payables include non-commercial payables not related to the purchase, sale, or provision of goods and services.

### **3.12 LOANS AND FINANCIAL LEASES**

Loans and financial lease liabilities are recorded on the basis of receipts, bank documents, contracts and loan and financial lease contracts.

Loans are tracked by subject, term, and currency.

### **3.13 BORROWING COSTS**

Borrowing costs include interest and other costs incurred in connection with borrowing.

Borrowing costs are recognized as production and business expenses in the year when incurred, unless capitalized in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Standard "Borrowing costs". Accordingly, borrowing costs directly related to the purchase, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a relatively long time to complete and put into use or business are added to the original cost of the asset until such time as the asset is put into use or business. Income arising from temporary investment of loans is recorded as a reduction in the original cost of the related asset. For separate loans for the construction of fixed assets, investment real estate, interest is capitalized even when the construction period is less than 12 months.

For general borrowings used for the purpose of investment in construction or production of unfinished assets, the capitalized borrowing costs are determined according to the capitalization rate for the weighted average cumulative costs incurred for investment in basic construction or production of that asset. The capitalization rate is calculated according to the weighted average interest rate of the outstanding borrowings during the year, except for separate borrowings serving the purpose of forming a specific asset.

### **3.14 OWNER'S EQUITY**

Owner's equity is recorded according to the actual capital contributed by shareholders.

Share capital surplus is recorded as the difference between the issue price and the par value of shares when first issued, additional issued, the difference between the reissue price and the book value of treasury shares and the equity component of convertible bonds at maturity. Direct costs

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

related to the additional issuance of shares and reissue of treasury shares are recorded as a decrease in share capital surplus.

Other capital of the owner is formed by supplementing from business results, revaluation of assets and the remaining value between the fair value of donated, presented, and sponsored assets after deducting taxes payable (if any) related to these assets.

Undistributed profit after tax is the profit (profit or loss) from the business's operations after deducting the current year's corporate income tax expense and adjustments due to retrospective application due to changes in accounting policies and retrospective adjustments due to material errors of previous years.

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after setting aside funds according to the Corporation's Charter as well as legal regulations and approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The distribution of profits to shareholders takes into account non-monetary items in undistributed profits after tax that may affect cash flow and the ability to pay dividends such as interest from revaluation of contributed assets, interest from revaluation of monetary items, financial instruments and other non-monetary items.

Dividends are recognized as liabilities when approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders and accepted by the State Securities Commission.

### **3.15 RECORDING OF REVENUE AND INCOME**

Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services is recognized when the risks, rewards and ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer; It is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Corporation and the costs associated with the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### *Revenue from sales of products and goods*

Revenue from the sale of goods and finished products is recognized when all five (5) following conditions are simultaneously satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the products or goods;
- The Company no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the owner of the goods or the right to control the goods;
- Revenue is determined with relative certainty. When the contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return the purchased products or goods under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the products or goods (except in cases where the customer has the right to return the goods in exchange for other goods or services);
- The Company has obtained or will obtain economic benefits associated with the transaction; and
- Identify the costs associated with sales transactions.

#### *Service revenue*



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

Revenue from a service transaction is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be reliably measured. In cases where a service transaction involves multiple periods, revenue is recognized in a period based on the results of the work completed at the closing date of the financial statements of that period. The outcome of a service transaction is determined when all four (4) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- Revenue is measured reliably; When a contract provides that the buyer has the right to return the purchased services under specific conditions, revenue is recognized only when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the services provided;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity;
- The stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

### *Financial revenue*

Interest from long-term investments is estimated and recognized as the right to receive interest from the investee companies is established.

Interest from bank deposits is recognized based on the periodic announcement of the bank, interest on loans is recognized based on the time and actual interest rate of each period.

### *Dividends and distributed profits*

Dividends and distributed profits are recognized when the Corporation receives the right to receive dividends or profits from capital contributions.

## 3.15 TAXES AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE STATE

### *Value Added Tax (VAT)*

Enterprises apply the declaration and calculation of VAT according to the guidance of current tax law with a VAT rate of 10%.

### *Corporate income tax*

Corporate income tax represents the total value of the current tax payable.

The current tax payable is calculated based on taxable income for the year. Taxable income differs from net profit as presented in the Income Statement because it excludes income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years (including losses carried forward, if any) and in addition, it excludes items that are not taxable or deductible.

## 3.16 TAXES AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Corporate income tax is calculated at the tax rate in effect at the end of the financial year of 20% of taxable income.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

The determination of the Corporation's income tax is based on current tax regulations. However, these regulations are subject to change from time to time and the final determination of corporate income tax depends on the results of the examination by the competent tax authority.

### *Other taxes*

Other taxes and fees are declared and paid by the enterprise to the local tax authority in accordance with current tax laws in Vietnam.

### 3.17 RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include:

- Enterprises that directly or indirectly control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Corporation, including the parent company, subsidiaries of the same Group, joint ventures, jointly controlled entities, and associates.
- Individuals who have direct or indirect voting power in the Reporting enterprises that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Corporation, including close members of the family of these individuals.
- Enterprises in which the voting power of the individuals listed above is directly or indirectly held or such person is able to exercise significant influence over the enterprise.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is paid to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form. Accordingly, all transactions and balances with related parties of the Corporation during 2024 are presented in the notes below.

### 3.18 DEPARTMENT REPORT

During the year, the Corporation's main activities were the supply and installation of electronic equipment for projects and most of the activities took place within the territory of Vietnam. The Company's activities in other business areas other than the supply and installation of electronic equipment for projects as well as outside the territory of Vietnam accounted for an insignificant proportion. Therefore, the Corporation decided not to prepare segment reports by geographical area and business area.

## 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
	VND	VND
Cash	2,177,333,476	2,566,692,197
Bank deposits	30,468,610,299	39,604,857,380
Cash equivalents	63,554,500,000	64,354,500,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>96,200,443,775</b>	<b>106,526,049,577</b>

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**5. INVESTMENTS HOLD TO MATH**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Book value	Original price	Book value
Short-term stock investment	287,396,250	287,396,250	287,396,250	287,396,250
Loans for more than 3 months	131,305,000,000	131,305,000,000	123,747,500,000	123,747,500,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>131,592,396,250</b>	<b>131,592,396,250</b>	<b>124,034,896,250</b>	<b>124,034,896,250</b>

**6. CUSTOMER RECEIVABLES**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Reserve deduction	Original price	Reserve deduction
<b>Receivable at</b>				
Thu Duc Electronics Joint Stock Company	13,251,890,772	(40,231,954)	15,470,093,136	(40,231,954)
Binh Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	9,033,347,483	(8,983,598,101)	7,349,713,790	(8,983,598,101)
Tan Binh Electronics Joint Stock Company	12,181,899,871	(1,281,465,636)	14,160,362,212	(1,281,465,636)
Bien Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	6,681,882,863	(5,965,306,101)	5,834,065,123	(5,965,306,101)
Vietronics Construction Joint Stock Company	5,056,372,093	(587,070,283)	8,749,739,438	(587,070,283)
Vieitronics Industrial Joint Stock Company	5,533,674,081	(2,736,213,396)	5,533,674,081	(2,736,213,396)
	95,956,361,202	(2,339,343,961)	184,723,123,175	(2,339,343,961)
<b>Total</b>	<b>147,695,428,365</b>	<b>(21,933,229,432)</b>	<b>241,820,770,955</b>	<b>(21,933,229,432)</b>

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**7. PREPAYMENT TO SELLER**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Reserve deduction	Original price	Reserve deduction
Thu Duc Electronics Joint Stock Company	7,522,249,631	-	7,637,948,149	-
Binh Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	-	-	-	-
Tan Binh Electronics Joint Stock Company	936,820,269	-	1,907,954,028	-
Bien Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	265,862,465	-	1,247,778,525	-
Vietronics Construction Joint Stock Company	1,397,397,981	-	1,539,525,726	-
Vietronics Industrial Joint Stock Company	2,797,792,458	-	2,797,792,458	-
	24,555,657,654	(4,854,351,000)	9,536,259,612	(4,854,351,000)
<b>Total</b>	<b>37,475,780,458</b>	<b>(4,854,351,000)</b>	<b>24,667,258,498</b>	<b>(4,854,351,000)</b>

**8. OTHER RECEIVABLES**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Reserve deduction	Original price	Reserve deduction
Receivable social insurance, health insurance, unemployment insurance	-	-	24,083,000	-
Receivable from equitization	-	-	66,912,500	-
Revenue from officials and employees of Long An land	2,694,230,000	-	2,694,230,000	-
Ngan Thinh Service - Trading Company Limited	2,107,997,573	(2,107,997,573)	2,107,997,573	(2,107,997,573)
Ngan Long Trading Private Enterprise	2,570,029,600	(2,570,029,600)	2,570,029,600	(2,570,029,600)
Kien Quang Company Limited	2,200,000,000	(2,200,000,000)	2,200,000,000	(2,200,000,000)
Tecco Group Joint Stock Company	-	-	-	-
TICO Technical Company Limited	1,949,158,918	(1,949,158,918)	1,949,158,918	(1,949,158,918)
Estimated interest earned	-	-	4,305,288,769	-
Accounts receivable from employees	8,440,105,489	-	14,756,486,633	-
Pledge, deposit, short-term deposit	289,729,564	-	275,098,443	-
Other receivables	20,516,869,350	(1,436,157,768)	11,023,960,547	(1,862,758,609)
<b>Total</b>	<b>40,768,120,494</b>	<b>(10,263,343,859)</b>	<b>41,973,245,983</b>	<b>(10,689,944,700)</b>

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**9. INVENTORY**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Reserve deduction	Original price	Reserve deduction
Raw materials and materials	7,736,276,117	(558,677,141)	9,645,383,412	(892,623,580)
Tools, utensils	110,437,978	(74,748,878)	186,768,232	(74,748,878)
Expenses for unfinished production and business	36,546,483,411	(20,695,324)	35,673,350,532	(20,695,324)
Finished product	33,132,947,971	(6,642,415,095)	33,226,116,711	(2,970,115,555)
Goods	19,605,799,172	(483,826,333)	19,229,009,686	(2,821,918,214)
Goods sent for sale	-	-	492,554,313	
<b>Total</b>	<b>97,131,944,649</b>	<b>(7,780,362,771)</b>	<b>98,453,182,886</b>	<b>(6,780,101,551)</b>

**10. COST OF CONSTRUCTION OF UNFINISHED BUILDINGS**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Price reassessed	Original price	Price reassessed
<b>Purchasing fixed assets</b>			-	
<b>Construction in progress costs</b>	<b>18,477,720,942</b>	<b>18,477,720,942</b>	<b>18,591,357,306</b>	<b>18,591,357,306</b>
Cau Giay new urban area	4,895,984,545	4,895,984,545	4,786,893,636	4,786,893,636
VTB Green Building project	9,444,148,637	9,444,148,637	9,444,148,637	9,444,148,637
Vietronics College Project	621,809,578	621,809,578	621,809,578	621,809,578
Other projects	3,515,778,182	3,515,778,182	3,738,505,455	3,738,505,455
<b>Total</b>	<b>18,477,720,942</b>	<b>18,477,720,942</b>	<b>18,591,357,306</b>	<b>18,591,357,306</b>

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Houses and architecture VNĐ	Means of transport VNĐ	Machinery and equipment VNĐ	Management equipment and tools VNĐ	Total VNĐ
<b>ENTIRE PRICE</b>					
As of January 1, 2024	164,073,492,690	20,548,994,811	50,819,210,990	1,440,916,117	236,882,614,608
Buy during the period			775,811,986	150,700,000	926,511,986
Liquidation, sale					-
Reduce fixed assets			32,727,273		32,727,273
<b>- Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>	<b>164,073,492,690</b>	<b>20,548,994,811</b>	<b>51,562,295,703</b>	<b>1,591,616,117</b>	<b>237,776,399,321</b>
<b>ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION VALUE</b>					
As of January 1, 2024	(94,401,211,553)	(18,288,472,705)	(38,139,178,663)	(962,510,222)	(151,791,373,143)
Depreciation during the period	(3,952,247,655)	(753,750,198)	(959,102,865)	(133,502,116)	(5,798,602,834)
Liquidation, sale			(32,727,273)		(32,727,273)
Reduce fixed assets					-
<b>- Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>	<b>(98,353,459,208)</b>	<b>(19,042,222,903)</b>	<b>(39,131,008,801)</b>	<b>(1,096,012,338)</b>	<b>(157,622,703,250)</b>
<b>REMAINING VALUE</b>					
As of January 1, 2024	69,672,281,137	2,260,522,106	12,680,032,327	478,405,895	85,091,241,465
<b>- Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>	<b>65,720,033,482</b>	<b>1,506,771,908</b>	<b>12,431,286,902</b>	<b>495,603,779</b>	<b>80,153,696,071</b>

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**12. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

Item	Quyền sử dụng đất	Phần mềm máy tính	TSCĐ vô hình khác	Tổng cộng
<b>ENTIRE PRICE</b>				
As of January 1, 2024	43,964,970,144	1,734,685,933	304,428,629	46,004,084,706
Buy during the period			100,000,000	100,000,000
Liquidation, sale		-	-	-
- Other reductions	-			-
<b>- Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>	<b>43,964,970,144</b>	<b>1,734,685,933</b>	<b>404,428,629</b>	<b>46,104,084,706</b>
<b>ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION</b>				
As of January 1, 2024	(8,748,097,661)	(1,669,293,679)	(304,428,629)	(10,721,819,969)
- Depreciation during the year	(456,750,414)	(29,012,625)		(485,763,039)
- Other reductions				-
<b>- Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>	<b>(9,204,848,075)</b>	<b>(1,698,306,304)</b>	<b>(304,428,629)</b>	<b>(11,207,583,008)</b>
<b>Remaining value</b>				
As of January 1, 2024	35,216,872,483	65,392,254	-	35,282,264,737
<b>- Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>	<b>34,760,122,069</b>	<b>36,379,629</b>	<b>100,000,000</b>	<b>34,896,501,698</b>

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**13. INVESTING IN JOINT VENTURES AND LINKED COMPANIES**

	Original price	Reserve deduction	Original price	Reserve deduction
<i>Investing in companies and joint ventures</i>	82,457,568,728	(37,129,284,377)	82,457,568,728	(37,109,056,477)
Viettronimex Joint Stock Company	13,987,729,333		13,987,729,333	
Phu Tho Hoa Mechanical and Electronics Joint Stock Company	2,278,518,130		2,278,518,130	
Vietnam Computer Joint Stock Company	895,348,195		895,348,195	
Vietnam Computer and Communications Joint Stock Company	21,684,417,517		21,684,417,517	
Thu Duc 1 Electronics Joint Stock Company	1,800,000,000	(1,800,000,000)	1,800,000,000	(1,800,000,000)
Belco Hanoi Joint Stock Company	1,178,000,000	(1,178,000,000)	1,178,000,000	(1,178,000,000)
Amec High-Tech Medical Electronics Company	1,276,595,137	(1,276,595,137)	1,276,595,137	(1,276,595,137)
Binh Minh Trading and Services Joint Stock Company	510,000,000	(510,000,000)	510,000,000	(510,000,000)
	38,846,960,416	(32,364,689,240)	38,846,960,416	(32,344,461,340)
<b>Total</b>	<b>82,457,568,728</b>	<b>(37,129,284,377)</b>	<b>82,457,568,728</b>	<b>(37,109,056,477)</b>

**14. PAYABLE TO SELLER**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Amount capable of paying	Original price	Amount capable of paying
Thu Duc Electronics Joint Stock Company	67,056,400	67,056,400	59,125,273	59,125,273
Binh Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	-	-	-	-
Tan Binh Electronics Joint Stock Company	976,401,337	976,401,337	2,733,549,590	2,733,549,590
Bien Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	-	-	10,000,000	10,000,000
Viettronics Construction Joint Stock Company	9,095,935,304	9,095,935,304	10,974,981,343	10,974,981,343
Viettronics Industrial Joint Stock Company	10,426,917,812	10,426,917,812	10,426,917,812	10,426,917,812
Vietnam Electronics and Informatics Joint Stock	38,968,239,725	38,968,239,725	100,053,299,305	100,053,299,305
<b>Total</b>	<b>59,534,550,578</b>	<b>59,534,550,578</b>	<b>124,257,873,323</b>	<b>124,257,873,323</b>



**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**15. BUYER PAYS IN ADVANCE**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Amount capable of paying	Original price	Amount capable of paying
inh		-		-
		-		-
Thu Duc Electronics Joint Stock Company	338,567,165	338,567,165	2,259,853,152	2,259,853,152
Binh Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	-	-	-	-
Tan Binh Electronics Joint Stock Company	504,728,618	504,728,618	187,658,960	187,658,960
Bien Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	100,000,000	100,000,000	178,757,582	178,757,582
Vietronics Construction Joint Stock Company	1,157,403,155	1,157,403,155	2,451,387,738	2,451,387,738
Vieitronics Industrial Joint Stock Company	1,230,600,459	1,230,600,459	1,230,600,459	1,230,600,459
Vietnam Electronics and Informatics Joint Stock	18,794,403,424	18,794,403,424	4,865,924,486	4,865,924,486
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,125,702,821</b>	<b>22,125,702,821</b>	<b>11,174,182,377</b>	<b>11,174,182,377</b>

**16. TAXES AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE STATE**

Item	As of January 1, 2024	Number to be paid	The number is internal	As at December 31, 2024
VAT on domestic goods (*)	1,869,265,048	10,868,069,047	11,020,975,397	1,716,358,698
Import and export tax	-	4,608,131,633	4,608,131,633	-
Corporate income tax	902,694,843		902,694,843	-
Personal income tax	220,100,806	1,718,316,854	1,004,036,569	934,381,091
Real estate tax and land rent	124,646,066	16,100,400,896	10,294,238,814	5,930,808,148
Other taxes	-	18,000,000	18,000,000	-
				-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,116,706,763</b>	<b>33,312,918,430</b>	<b>27,848,077,256</b>	<b>8,581,547,937</b>

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**17. OTHER PAYABLES**

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original price	Amount capable of paying	Original price	Amount capable of paying
Thu Duc Electronics Joint Stock Company	2,382,436,800	2,382,436,800	2,305,213,500	2,305,213,500
Binh Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	1,899,072,282	1,899,072,282	1,118,409,150	1,118,409,150
Tan Binh Electronics Joint Stock Company	2,520,531,846	2,520,531,846	2,509,316,910	2,509,316,910
Bien Hoa Electronics Joint Stock Company	2,356,377,400	2,356,377,400	2,174,407,500	2,174,407,500
Vietronics Construction Joint Stock Company	395,698,277	395,698,277	389,864,240	389,864,240
Vietronics Industrial Joint Stock Company	160,009,228	160,009,228	160,009,228	160,009,228
Vietnam Electronics and Informatics Joint Stock Corporation		0	2,100,134,685	2,100,134,685
			-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,714,125,833</b>	<b>9,714,125,833</b>	<b>10,757,355,213</b>	<b>10,757,355,213</b>

**18. LOANS AND FINANCIAL LEASE DEBT**

	31/12/2024	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	01/01/2024
Loan from Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam	-	1,600,000,000	2,860,000,000	1,260,000,000
Loan from Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade	-		500,000,000	500,000,000
Vietnam Bank for Investment and Development	-		30,823,100,000	30,823,100,000
Short-term personal loan	665,000,000		260,000,000	925,000,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>665,000,000</b>	<b>1,600,000,000</b>	<b>34,443,100,000</b>	<b>33,508,100,000</b>

**VIETNAM ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATICS  
JOINT STOCK COMPANY**

No. 15 Tran Hung Dao, Phan Chu Trinh, Hoan Kiem, Hanoi

**FORM NO. B01-DN**

Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated  
December 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**20. OWNER'S CAPITAL**

	Charter capital	Margin shares	Difference in asset revaluation	Development investment fund	Other funds belong to equity	Undistributed after-tax profits	Non-controlling shareholder interests	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
<b>Balance as of January 1, 2023</b>	438,000,000,000	(13,064,952,951)	(19,974,146,692)	54,302,128,521	26,619,705	(24,525,112,764)	132,914,221,351	567,678,757,170
Profit for the year						(5,295,677,973)	8,853,138,748	3,557,460,775
- Other monks							(8,273,685,666)	(8,273,685,666)
- Profit distribution						(2,013,844,083)		(2,013,844,083)
- Quarterly deduction for investment and development				189,680,243				189,680,243
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2023</b>	438,000,000,000	(13,064,952,951)	(19,974,146,692)	54,491,808,764	26,619,705	(31,834,634,820)	133,493,674,433	561,138,368,439
Profit for the year						(7,661,224,960)	4,613,091,999	(3,048,132,961)
- Profit distribution							2,870,484,866	2,870,484,866
- Quarterly deduction for investment and development								
- Other reductions				(1,256,940,313)		(13,257,997,154)		(14,514,937,467)
<i>Discount at parent company</i>								
<i>Discount at Viettronics Tan Binh Company</i>								
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>	438,000,000,000	(13,064,952,951)	(19,974,146,692)	53,234,868,451	26,619,705	(52,753,856,934)	140,977,251,298	546,445,782,878

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**20.1 BALANCE SHEET OF EQUITY FLUCTUATIONS**

	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
	VND	VND
State Capital Investment and Trading Corporation	385,297,500,000	385,297,500,000
Capital of other shareholders	52,702,500,000	52,702,500,000
	<b>438,000,000,000</b>	<b>438,000,000,000</b>

**21. REVENUE FROM SALES AND PROVISION OF SERVICES**

	Fourth quarter of 2024	Fourth quarter of 2023
	VND	VND
<b>Total revenue from sales and service provision</b>	<b>114,140,498,719</b>	<b>215,060,845,650</b>
Revenue from projects	111,306,280,269	212,743,937,156
Revenue from service provision	2,834,218,450	2,316,908,494
	<b>114,140,498,719</b>	<b>215,060,845,650</b>

**23. COST OF GOODS SOLD**

	Fourth quarter of 2024	Fourth quarter of 2023
	VND	VND
Cost price from projects	93,528,142,350	184,756,962,477
Cost of services provided	719,333,701	447,774,619
<b>Total</b>	<b>94,247,476,051</b>	<b>185,204,737,096</b>

**24. FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE**

	Fourth quarter of 2024	Fourth quarter of 2023
	VND	VND
Interest on deposits and loans	2,600,599,673	3,269,155,827
Unrealized exchange rate difference profit	68,043,560	1,152,012
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,668,643,233</b>	<b>3,270,307,839</b>

25.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements)*

**26. FINANCIAL COSTS**

	Fourth quarter of 2024	Fourth quarter of 2023
	VND	VND
Bank loan interest	35,725,320	1,837,841,016
Unrealized exchange rate loss	3,990,102	
<b>Total</b>	<b>39,715,422</b>	<b>1,837,841,016</b>

**Schedule maker**



**Vu Van Tuan**

**Chief accountant**



**Nguyen Trung Dung**

Hanoi, January 24, 2025

**General Director**



**Vu Hai Vinh**